NR Line Product/Manual Catalog

DentiumUSA

NR Line

Narrow Diameter Implant

Contents

Introduction

NR Line Characteristics	04
NR Line Fixture	05
Cover Screw	06
GBR Healing Abutment	06
Healing Abutment	07

Prosthetic Procedure

Dual Abutment - Abutment Level Impression
Dual Abutment [Square]
Dual Abutment [Round]
Abutment Level Impression Components

Prosthetic Procedure 2

Dual / Dual Milling / Angled / Metal-Casting /	
Temporary Abutment - Fixture Level Impression	12
Fixture Level Impression Components	13
Dual Milling Abutment	16
Angled Abutment [15°]	17
Angled Abutment [25°]	18
Metal Casting Abutment	19
Temporary Abutment	20

Prosthetic Procedure 3

Screw Abutment - Abutment Level Impression	20
Screw Abutment	21
Angled Screw Abutment	22
Screw Abutment Impression Components	23

Prosthetic Procedure 4

Mini Ball Attachment - Abutment Level Impression	25
Mini Ball Attachment	26
Angled Mini Ball Attachment	27

nstruments

Surgical Kit	28
Prosthetic Kit	29
Drill	30
Instrument	31
Prosthetic and Laboratory Instrument	33

34
39

NR Line Characteristics

Abutment Screw

•Ø1.9mm hole size for abutment screw

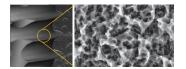
Ø1.9



S.L.A. Surface (Sandblasted with Large grits and Acid etched)

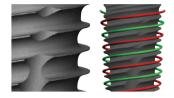
• Easy application combined with simplified GBR procedure on narrow ridges

Reference: Kim H., et. al. "The Biocompatability of SLA-treated Titanium Implants" Biomed. Mater. 2008; 3(2):025011



Double-Threaded, Tapered Body Design

• Easy and fast insertion can be done due to the double-threaded straight body design





Platform-Switched Design

Platform-Switched Design may be beneficial in marginal bone preservation

Reference: Hsu. et. al., "Comparison of Clinical and Radiographic Outcomes of Platform-Switched Implants with a Rough Collar and Platform Matched Implants with a Smooth Collar: A 1-Year Randomized Clinical Trial Int .J. Oral Maxillofac ial Implants 2016;30:382-290

Narrow Diameter Implant

- Ø3.1mm body diameter for narrow ridges
- Available in two platforms (Ø3.2mm & Ø3.6mm)

Internal Conical Connection

 Internal conical connection between implant and abutment interface allows tight sealing

Apical Design

- The 3-blade self-tapping design can minimize bone destruction
- The flat end design reduces bone perforation risk

NR Line Fixture

Unit: mm, Scale 1:1.5

	luded in the packag	e		Body Ø 3.1 Plat	tform Ø 3.2
				L	REF
Fixture Shape		9	GFX 30 09 S		
		11	GFX 30 11 S		
Fixture 5	onape			13	GFX 30 13 S
				09	11 13
	A Platform Diameter	3.2	3.6		
A C B Body Diameter	3.1	3.1			
				Body Ø 3.1 Plat	
	C	0.03	1.0	L	REF
	C Bevel Height	0.03	1.0	L 9	REF GFX 30 09
B	Bevel	0.03	1.0	L 9 11	REF GFX 30 09 GFX 30 11
B	Bevel	0.03 9, 11, 13	1.0 9, 11, 13	L 9	REF GFX 30 09

* Note: To prevent any damages to the implant driver or the fixture, do not torque beyond 70N+cm during fixture insertion.

Cover Screw

Single use only

Must sterilize prior to use





Cover Screw

Fixture Platform	REF	Ø3.1	Ø3.5
Ø3.2	GCS 30		
Ø3.6	GCS 36		- Y

Square Driver: Use no more than 5N-cm of torque when screwing a cover screw to a fixture. If square is stripped, slot on the head of the product can be used as an alternative.

GBR Healing Abutment

- Single use only
- Please sterilize prior to use

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5



** Note: 1 When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.

Healing Abutment

Single use only

• Please sterilize prior to use



Diameter Ø3.7

G/H	Н	REF
0.5	3.0	GHAB 37 05 30
1.5	2.5	GHAB 37 15 25
3.5	4.5	GHAB 37 35 45
5.5	6.5	GHAB 37 55 65



Diameter Ø 4.3

G/H	Н	REF
1.5	2.5	GHAB 43 15 25
3.5	4.5	GHAB 43 35 45
5.5	6.5	GHAB 43 55 65



Diameter Ø 5.5

G/H	Н	REF
1.5	2.5	GHAB 55 15 25
3.5	4.5	GHAB 55 35 45
5.5	6.5	GHAB 55 55 65

 $1.5 \boxed{\bigcirc 5.5}_{2.5}$ $3.5 \boxed{\bigcirc 4.5}_{4.5}$ $5.5 \boxed{\bigcirc 6.5}_{6.5}$

Note: 'When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
 Square Driver: Use no more than 5N-cm of torque when screwing the abutment to a fixture.

If square is stripped, slot on the head of the product can be used as an alternative.

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Prosthetic Procedure 1

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection

Dual Abutment



* Impression Coping can be used as a Burn-out Cylinder, an Abutment Holder and a Scan Body for Dual Abutment.

Dual Abutment [Square]

• Abutment screw is included

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5



Diameter Ø3.7 | Square

G/H	REF								
0.5	GDAB 37 05 AS							an T	
1.0	GDAB 37 10 AS		Ø 3.7		111			5.5	1.9
2.0	GDAB 37 20 AS			11	U.		Τ	G/H	μŢ
3.0	GDAB 37 30 AS		÷	ΞŢ	I				8.1
4.0	GDAB 37 40 AS		H			H	H	H	
5.0	GDAB 37 50 AS	G/H	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	GASC1619

Diameter Ø4.3 | Square

G/H	REF						ana T	
1.0	GDAB 43 10 AS		Ø 4.3	11.1	44	<i>.</i>	5.5	1.9
2.0	GDAB 43 20 AS			/U	14			
3.0	GDAB 43 30 AS		ΞŢ	I			G/H	8.15
4.0	GDAB 43 40 AS				H			
5.0	GDAB 43 50 AS	G/H	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	GASC1619

Diameter Ø5.5 | Square

G/H	REF		Ø 5.5				an n T	
1.0	GDAB 55 10 AS		Ø 5.5	<i>6</i> 1 B	AL A	H h	5.5	1.9
2.0	GDAB 55 20 AS		fU -	U		T	G/H	μŢ
3.0	GDAB 55 30 AS	ļ		T				8.15
4.0	GDAB 55 40 AS		H.	11	H		H	
5.0	GDAB 55 50 AS	G/H	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	GASC1619

Note: ¹ When NR Line fixture with size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutment will sit 1mm higher than other platform size fixtures.
 Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Dual Abutment [Round]

Abutment screw is included

G/H

0.5

1.0

2.0

3.0

4.0

5.0

G/H

1.0

2.0

3.0

4.0

5.0

G/H

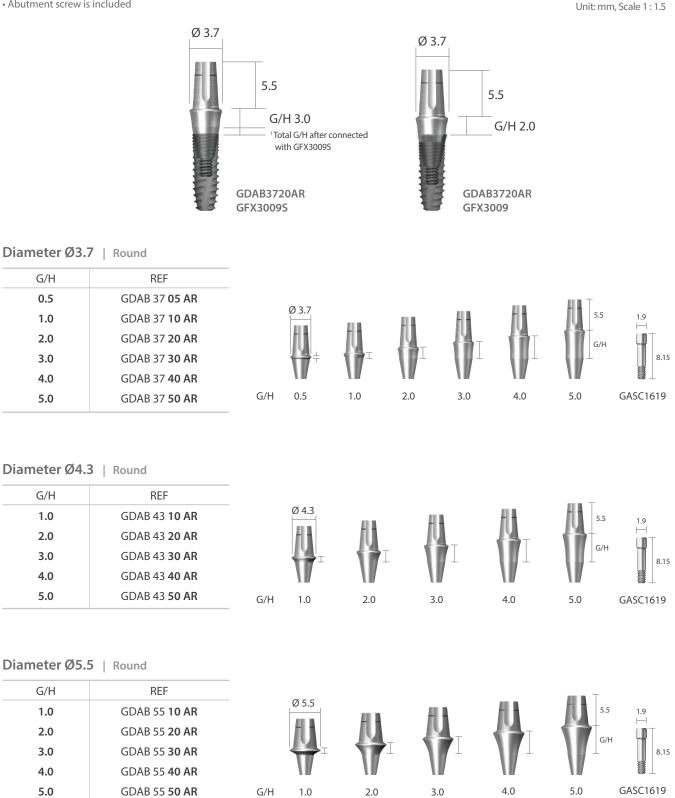
1.0

2.0

3.0

4.0

5.0



* Note: 1 When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes. * Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Abutment Level Impression Components

Ø 3.7

Ø 4.3

Ø 5.5

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Comfort Cap

Diameter	REF	Ø 3.7	Ø 4.3	Ø 5.5
Ø3.7	GCC 37			
Ø4.3	GCC 43			
Ø5.5	GCC 55			

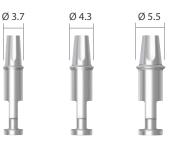
Impression Coping

Diameter	REF
Ø3.7	GADH 37
Ø4.3	GADH 43
Ø5.5	GADH 55

* Impression Coping can be used as a Burn-out Cylinder, an Abutment Holder and a Scan Body for Dual Abutment.

Analog

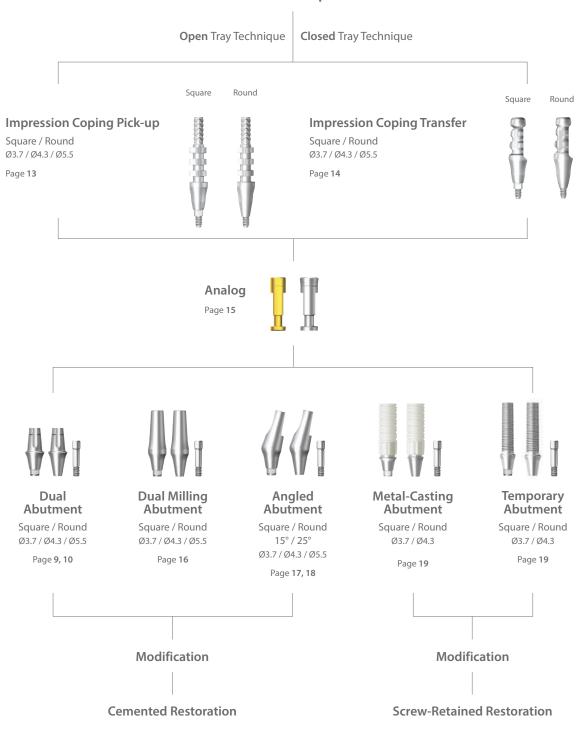
Diameter	REF
Ø3.7	GCAN 37
Ø4.3	GCAN 43
Ø5.5	GCAN 55



Prosthetic Procedure 2

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection

Dual / Dual Milling / Angled / Metal-Casting / Temporary Abutment



Fixture Level Impression

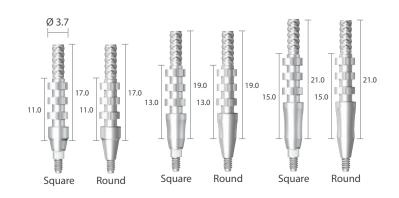
Fixture Level Impression Components

Impression coping screw is included with Impression coping

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

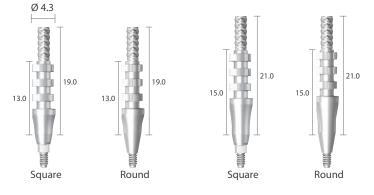
Impression Coping Pick-up Ø 3.7

Туре	REF
Square	GDPU 37 11 S
Round	GDPU 37 11 R
Square	GDPU 37 13 S
Round	GDPU 37 13 R
Square	GDPU 37 15 S
Round	GDPU 37 15 R
	Square Round Square Round Square



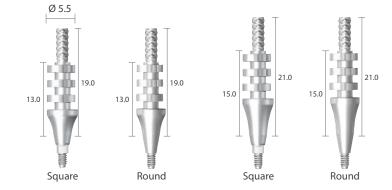
Impression Coping Pick-up Ø 4.3

Length	Туре	REF
13	Square	GDPU 43 13 S
13	Round	GDPU 43 13 R
15	Square	GDPU 43 15 S
15	Round	GDPU 43 15 R
	1	



Impression Coping Pick-up Ø 5.5

Length	Туре	REF
13	Square	GDPU 55 13 S
13	Round	GDPU 55 13 R
15	Square	GDPU 55 15 S
15	Round	GDPU 55 15 R



Fixture Level Impression Components

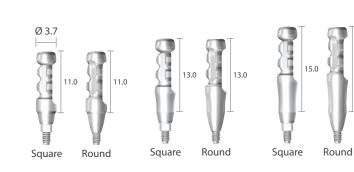
Impression coping screw is included with Impression coping

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

15.0

Impression Coping Transfer Ø 3.7

Length	Туре	REF
11	Square	GDTF 37 11 S
11	Round	GDTF 37 11 R
13	Square	GDTF 37 13 S
13	Round	GDTF 37 13 R
15	Square	GDTF 37 15 S
15	Round	GDTF 37 15 R



Impression Coping Transfer Ø 4.3

Length	Туре	REF
13	Square	GDTF 43 13 S
13	Round	GDTF 43 13 R
15	Square	GDTF 43 15 S
15	Round	GDTF 43 15 R







Square

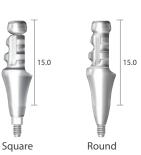


Impression Coping Transfer Ø 5.5

Length	Туре	REF
13	Square	GDTF 55 13 S
13	Round	GDTF 55 13 R
15	Square	GDTF 55 15 S
15	Round	GDTF 55 15 R







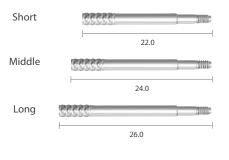
Fixture Level Impression Components

Impression coping screw is included with Impression coping

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

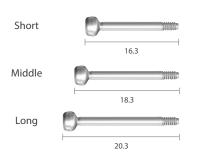
Impression Coping Pick-up Screw

Length	REF
11	GDPS 11
13	GDPS 13
15	GDPS 15



Impression Coping Transfer Screw

Length	REF
11	GDTS 11
13	GDTS 13
15	GDTS 15



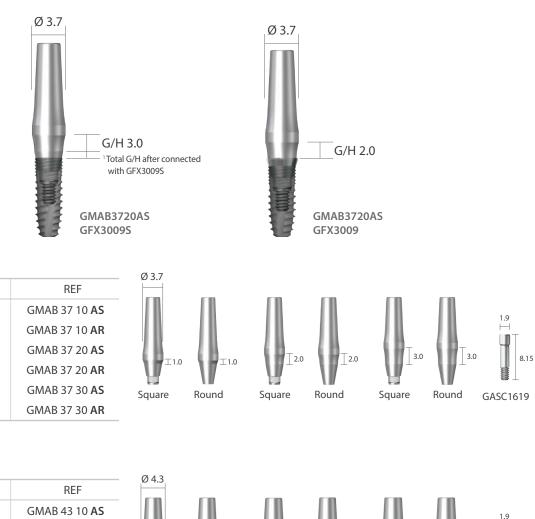
Analog

Fixture Platform	REF
Ø3.2	GDANR 30
Ø3.6	GDANR 36



Dual Milling Abutment

Abutment screw is included



Dia	meter	Ø	4.3
מוע	meter	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	4.5

Diameter Ø 3.7

Туре

Square

Round

Square

Round

Square

Round

G/H

1.0

1.0

2.0

2.0

3.0

3.0

G/H	Туре	REF
1.0	Square	GMAB 43 10 AS
1.0	Round	GMAB 43 10 AR
2.0	Square	GMAB 43 20 AS
2.0	Round	GMAB 43 20 AR
3.0	Square	GMAB 43 30 AS
3.0	Round	GMAB 43 30 AR



Diameter Ø 5.5

G/H	Туре	REF
1.0	Square	GMAB 55 10 AS
1.0	Round	GMAB 55 10 AR
2.0	Square	GMAB 55 20 AS
2.0	Round	GMAB 55 20 AR
3.0	Square	GMAB 55 30 AS
3.0	Round	GMAB 55 30 AR



Note: ¹ When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
 Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Angled Abutment [15°]

Abutment screw is included

G/H

1.0

1.0

2.0

2.0

3.0

3.0

G/H

1.0

1.0

2.0

2.0 3.0

3.0

G/H

1.0

1.0

2.0

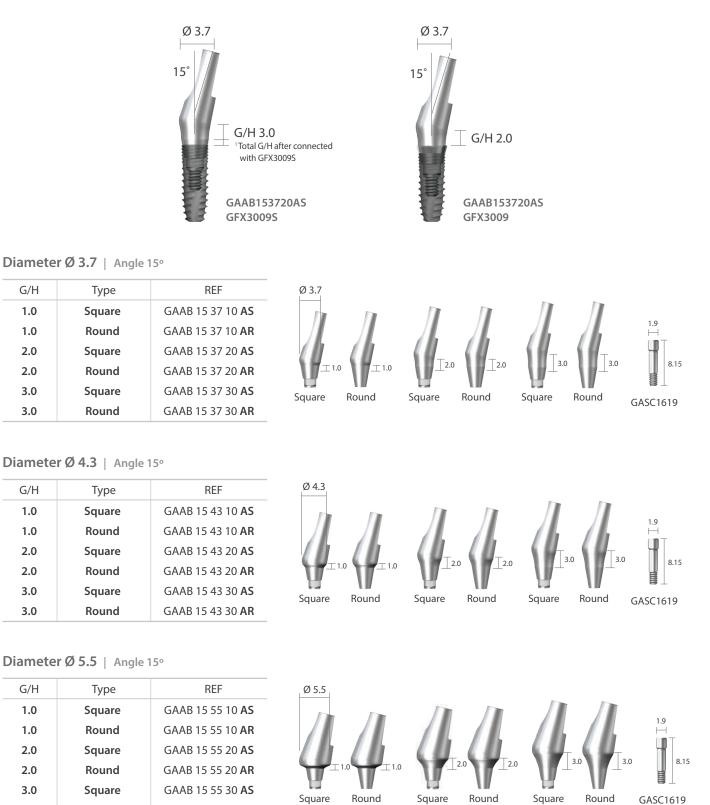
2.0

3.0

3.0

Round

Unit: mm, Scale 1:1.5



* Note: ' When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes. * Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

GAAB 15 55 30 AR

Angled Abutment [25°]

• Abutment screw is included



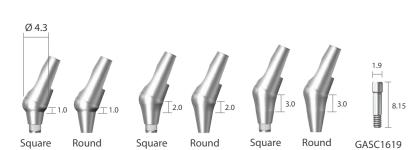


Diameter Ø 3.7 | Angle 25°

G/H	Туре	REF	Ø 3.7						
1.0	Square	GAAB 25 37 10 AS		17	/1	11	1	//	1.0
1.0	Round	GAAB 25 37 10 AR							1.9 ⊢⊢
2.0	Square	GAAB 25 37 20 AS	1				3.0	3.0	
2.0	Round	GAAB 25 37 20 AR	工 1.0	□	2.0	2.0			8.15
3.0	Square	GAAB 25 37 30 AS	Square	Round	Square	Round	Square	Round	GASC1619
3.0	Round	GAAB 25 37 30 AR	[GASCIOIS

Diameter Ø 4.3 | Angle 25°

G/H	Туре	REF
1.0	Square	GAAB 25 43 10 AS
1.0	Round	GAAB 25 43 10 AR
2.0	Square	GAAB 25 43 20 AS
2.0	Round	GAAB 25 43 20 AR
3.0	Square	GAAB 25 43 30 AS
3.0	Round	GAAB 25 43 30 AR



Diameter Ø 5.5 | Angle 25°

G/H

1.0

1.0

2.0

2.0 3.0

3.0

Туре	REF	Ø 5.5
Square	GAAB 25 55 10 AS	
Round	GAAB 25 55 10 AR	
Square	GAAB 25 55 20 AS	
Round	GAAB 25 55 20 AR	
Square	GAAB 25 55 30 AS	
Round	GAAB 25 55 30 AR	Square Round Square Round Square Round GASC1619

** Note: 1 When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
** Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Metal Casting Abutment

• Abutment screw is included

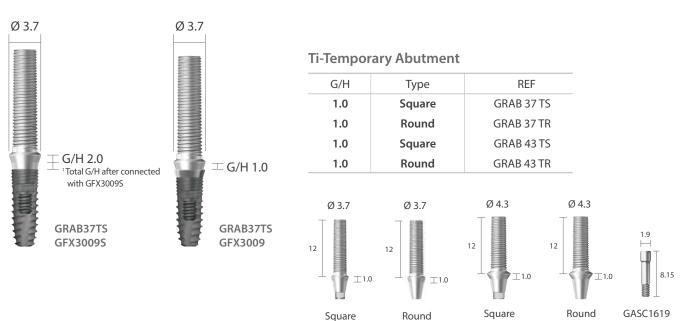
Unit: mm, Scale 1:1.5



Temporary Abutment

• Abutment screw is included

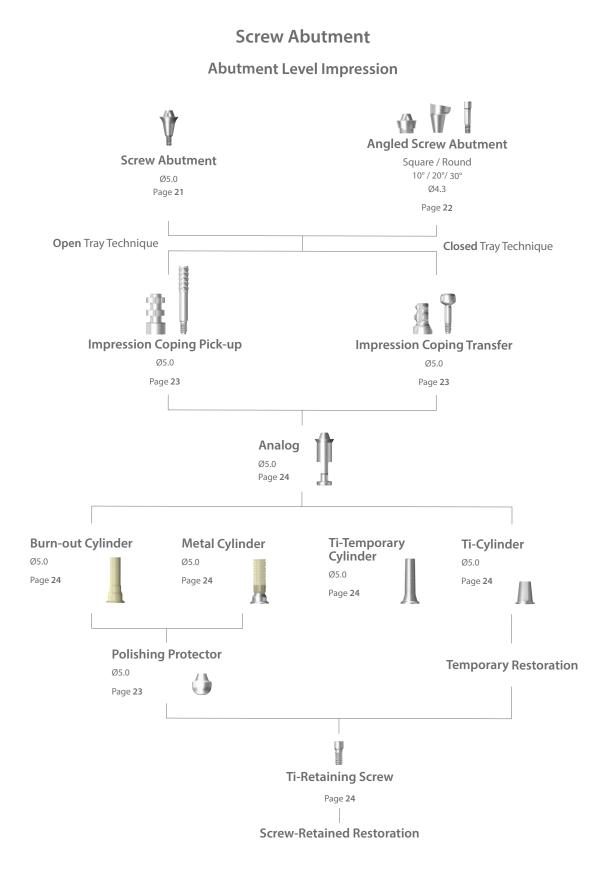
Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5



* Note: ' When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
* Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N-cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Prosthetic Procedure 3

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection



Screw Abutment

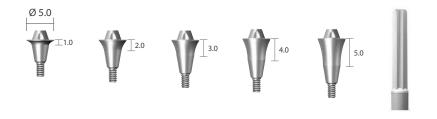
• Delivery holder is included

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5



Diameter Ø 5.0

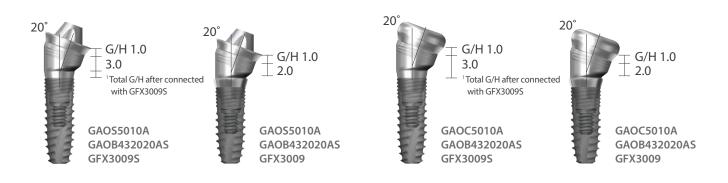
G/H	REF
1.0	GSAB 50 10 A
2.0	GSAB 50 20 A
3.0	GSAB 50 30 A
4.0	GSAB 50 40 A
5.0	GSAB 50 50 A



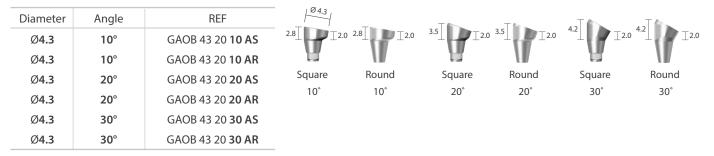
Note: ¹ When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
 Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Angled Screw Abutment Components

Unit: mm, Scale 1:1.5



Base Abutment



Ø 5.0

⊥1.0

Screw Cap

G/H	REF
1.0	GAOS 50 10 A
2.0	GAOS 50 20 A
3.0	GAOS 50 30 A





G/H	REF
1.0	GAOC 50 10 A
2.0	GAOC 50 20 A
3.0	GAOC 50 30 A

Base Abutment Screw

GAOSC1619



2.0

3.0



* Note: ' When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
 * Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Screw Abutment Impression Components

Impression coping screw is included with Impression coping

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Impression	Coping	Pick-up		Bridge
------------	--------	---------	--	--------

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSPU 50

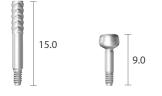


Ø 5.0

Impression Coping Transfer | Bridge

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSTF 50

Туре	REF
Pick-up	GSPS 09
Transfer	GSTS 09



Comfort Cap

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSCC 50



Polishing Protector

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSPP 50



Screw Abutment Impression Components

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5

Analog	
Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSAN 50



6.0

Ø 5.0

Ti-Cylinder

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSTA 50 A

Ti-Temporary Cylinder

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSTC 50 AT

Burn-out Cylinder

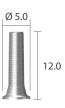
Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSBC 50

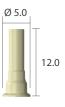
Metal Cylinder

Diameter	REF
Ø5.0	GSGC 50 C

Ti-Retaining Screw

GSRS 16 T



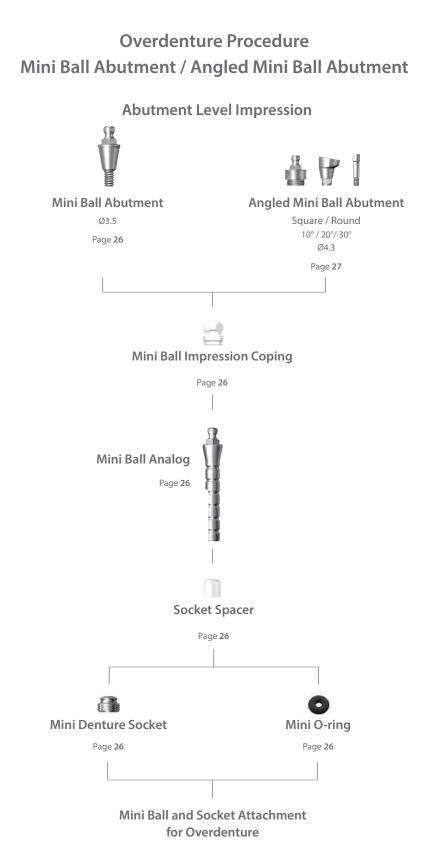






Prosthetic Procedure 4

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection



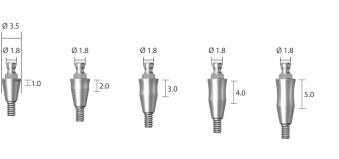
Mini Ball Attachment Components

• Delivery holder is included



Mini Ball Abutment

G/H	REF
1.0	GBAB 35 10
2.0	GBAB 35 20
3.0	GBAB 35 30
4.0	GBAB 35 40
5.0	GBAB 35 50



Ø 4.0

5.0





Unit: mm, Scale 1:1.5

Mini Ball Impression Coping

GICA

Mini Ball Analog

BANL

Socket Spacer

REF	GBIC3L GBIC2L
Female Socket	
REF	BPF3 (300~500gf)

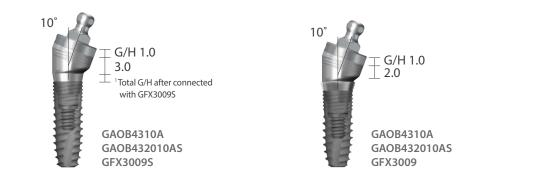
BPF2 (500~700gf)

(30	00~500gf)	(5	00~700gf)
(BFS3)	(BNO1)	(BFS2)	(BNO2)
Ø 4.05	2.9	Ø 4.85	3.3

* Note: 1 When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes. % Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

Angled Mini Ball Attachment Components

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1.5



Base Abutment

Diameter	Angle	REF	Ø 4.3		Th		Т	T.A.
Ø4.3	10°	GAOB 43 20 10 AS	2.8	0 2.8	3.5	3.5	4.2 ⊥ ⊥2.0	o ^{4.2} ⊥⊥2.0
Ø4.3	10°	GAOB 43 20 10 AR						
Ø4.3	20°	GAOB 43 20 20 AS	Square	Round	Square	Round	Square	Round
Ø4.3	20°	GAOB 43 20 20 AR	10°	10°	20°	20°	30°	30°
Ø4.3	30°	GAOB 43 20 30 AS						
Ø4.3	30°	GAOB 43 20 30 AR						

Mini Ball Cap

G/H	REF	Ø 4.3
1.0	GAOB 43 10 A	R
2.0	GAOB 43 20 A	1.0
3.0	GAOB 43 30 A	





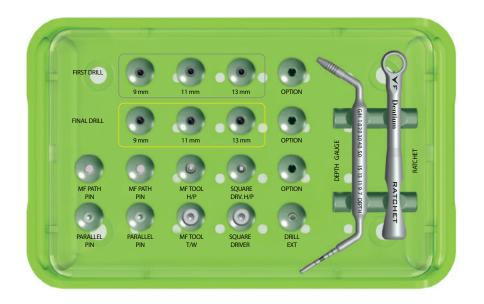
Angled Overdenture Screw

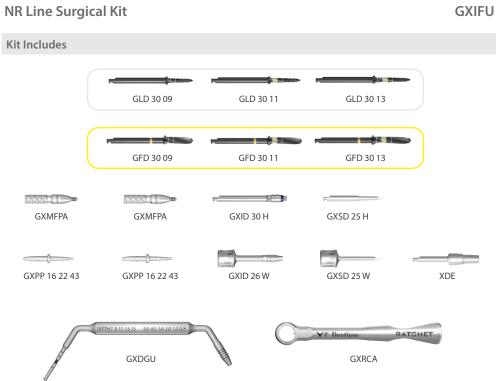
GAOSC1619



Note: ¹ When NR Line fixture with the size of 3.2mm platform is used, abutments will sit 1mm higher than on fixtures with different platform sizes.
 Torque: It is recommended to keep the torque level at 20N·cm to tighten the abutment to the fixture.

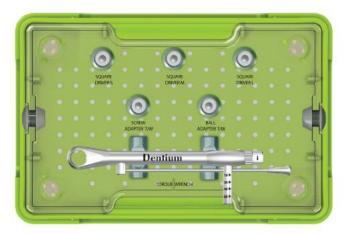
Surgical Kit

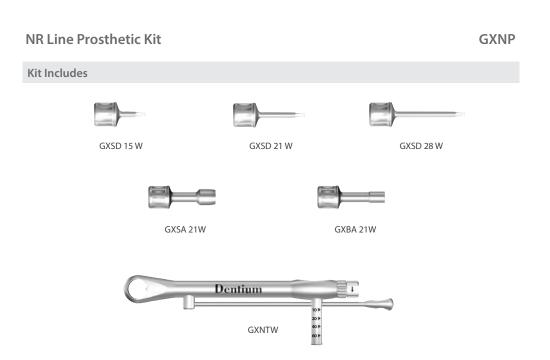




Kit Includes

Prosthetic Kit





Drill



Diameter	L	REF
Ø 2.6	9	GLD 30 09
Ø 2.6	11	GLD 30 11
Ø 2.6	13	GLD 30 13



Final Drill

Diameter	L	REF
Ø 2.95	9	GFD 30 09
Ø 2.95	11	GFD 30 11
Ø 2.95	13	GFD 30 13





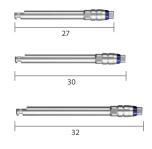
Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1

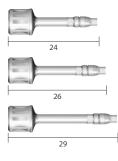
Instrument

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1

Adapter

Туре	L	REF
	27	GXID 27 H
Hand-piece	30	GXID 30 H
	32	GXID 32 H
	24	GXID 24 W
Ratchet	26	GXID 26 W
	29	GXID 29 W





Parallel Pin

Diameter	L	REF
Ø4.3	23.6	GXPP 162243



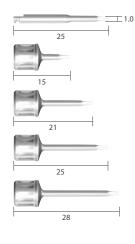
Path Pin

L	REF
17.3	GXMFPA

0.00		
0000		
	17.3	

Square Driver

Туре	L	REF
Hand-piece	25	GXSD 25 H
	15	GXSD 15 W
Databat	21	GXSD 21 W
Ratchet	25	GXSD 25 W
	28	GXSD 28 W



Drill Extension

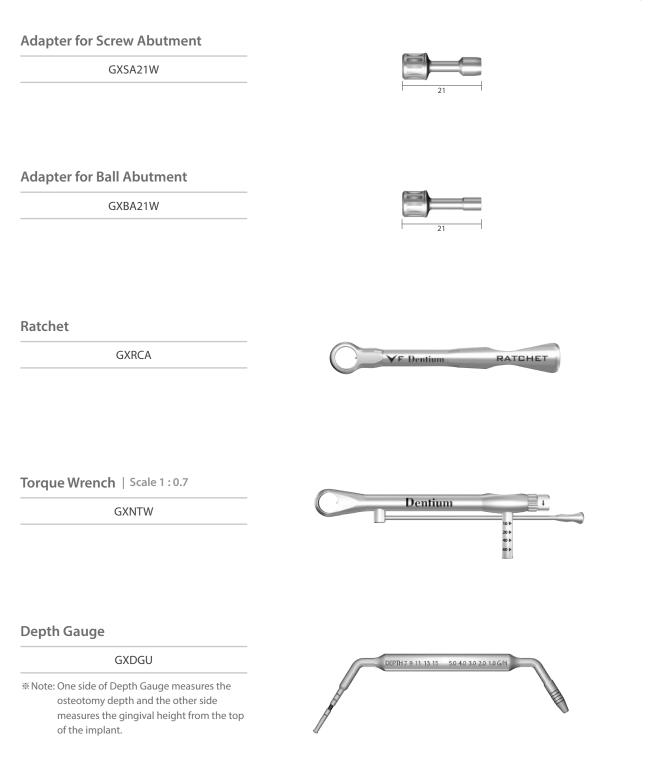
XDE



[™] Note: Drill speed 1,000rpm, 30~45N·cm with irrigation

Instrument

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1



Prosthetic and Laboratory Instrument

Unit: mm, Scale 1 : 1

Reamer Guide for Dual Abutment

REF
GDRG 37
GDRG 43
GDRG 55



Reamer Guide for Screw Abutment

GSRG



Reamer

GSRM



Reamer Handle

CRH

SURGICALMANUAL

nstallation Warnings & Procedure	35
Surgical Drill Sequence	36
Drilling Depth Guide	36
-ixture Connection	37
Surgical Kit Maintenance	38

Installation Warnings & Procedure

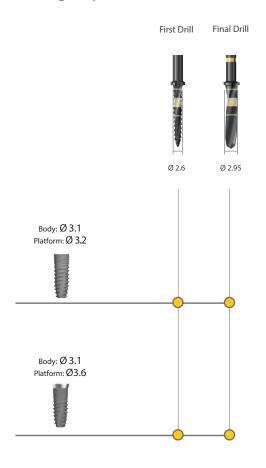
Warnings

Dental Implant surgery and restoration involve complex dental procedures. Appropriate and adequate training in proper technique is mandatory recommended prior to use.

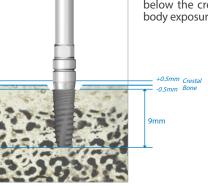
- Improper medical examination and/or treatment plan can result in implant failure and/or loss of supportive bone.
- Improper initial stability and/or excessive occlusal forces during healing period may lead to osseointergration failure.
- Excessive insertion torque may lead to mechanical failure or implant biologic failure due to bone compression and necrosis.
- When forces or loads are greater than its design, implant or abutment fracture could happen. Therefore clinicians should make careful decisions with regards to clinical treatment planning to minimize the risk of fracture. Appropriate implant quantity, occlusal interface and a nightguard are essential. Potential excessive loading conditions may include the following:
- 01 Inadequate number of implants are placed.
- 02 Implant width and/or length are inappropriate for a treatment site.
- 03 Prosthesis which has excessive cantilever length due to inadequate biomechanical design
- 04 Continuous occlusal force are generated by incomplete connection between implant and abutment and/or abutment screw loosening.
- 05 Metal Casting Abutment angles are greater than 30° from the vertical axis of the implant.
- 06 Occlusal interferences causing excessive lateral forces
- 07 Patient parafunctional activities such as bruxism
- 08 Inadequate dental laboratory casting procedures
- 09 Improper prosthesis fit
- 10 Trauma from patient habits or accidents
- 11 Excessive marginal bone loss caused by inadequate bone width and/or advanced peri-implantitis.

Surgical Drill Sequence

Drilling Sequence Guide

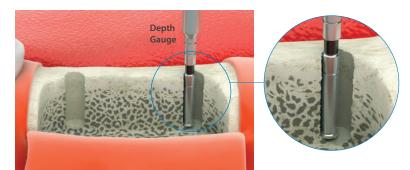


Determination of Fixture Placement Depth



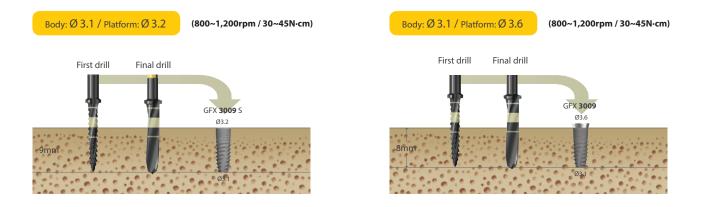
It is recommended to place the implant 0.5mm below the crestal bone line to prevent implant body exposure from natural bone loss.

Depth Indication



• Use the depth gauge to measure the depth of the osteotomy.

Drilling Depth Guide



Fixture Connection











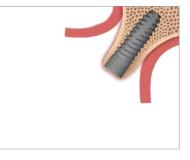
Caution

When opening the fixture pack, hold the fixture container upward and engage the adapter into the fixture.



When using handpiece: 20rpm / 35N·cm





Directions Using the Handpiece / Ratchet Adapter



Handpiece Adapter



e Ratchet Adapter



Please hold the connected fixture and adapter with fixture pointing upwards to avoid droppage and prevent possible choking by the dropped fixture into the throat.

Cover Screw



Usage of the Square Driver



Cover Screw (GCS30) connection **Healing Abutment**



Usage of the Square Driver



Healing Abutment connection

Surgical Kit Maintenance

Manual Cleaning and Sterilization Procedure

It is important to use protective clothing and face shield while cleaning contaminated instruments. Always wear protective glasses, mask, gloves, etc. for your safety.

Cleaning

- 1 Rinse instruments immediately after use under running tap water (<40°C) for a minimum of one (1) minute to remove all debris including extraneous body fluids, bone debris and tissue.
- 2 Soak all instruments immediately after rinsing in an enzymatic cleaning solution* for 10 to 20 minutes (Do not soak overnight).
 - * Follow manufacturer's instructions and observe recommended cleaning solution concentrations (enzymatic detergent with a pH level between 7-10 and temperature not to exceed 40°C). Do not use incompatible cleaning solutions to clean instruments.
- **3** For internal irrigation drills, use a 1mL syringe and a 25 gauge needle to clean the drill irrigation hole with a minimum of 0.2 mL of the prepared cleaning solution. Repeat this step two (2) more times for a total of three (3) rinses.
- 4 Scrub with a soft brush for a minimum of 1 (one) minute to remove any debris inside the drill irrigation hole.
- **5** Rinse the instruments under running tap water (<40°C) for a minimum of 1 minute. Use a 1mL syringe and a 25 gauge needle with a minimum of 0.2 mL of tap water to forcefully flush inside the drill irrigation hole. Repeat flushing of drill irrigation hole two (2) more times for a total of three (3) flushings.
- 6 Place instruments into an ultrasonic cleaner with neutral detergent**. Keep instruments inside the ultrasonic bath for 15 minutes using a frequency of 25-50 kHz. Ensure multiple instruments placed within the bath remain separated.
 - ** Follow manufacturer's instructions and observe recommended neutral detergent solution concentrations (neutral detergent with a pH level between 7-10 and temperature not to exceed 40°C). Do not use incompatible neutral detergent solutions to clean instruments.
- 7 Rinse instruments thoroughly with running tap water (<40°C) for a minimum of 1 (one) minute until all traces of neutral detergent solution are removed. Rinse inside drill irrigation hole using a 1mL syringe and a 25 gauge needle with a minimum of 0.2 mL of tap water. Repeat rinsing drill irrigation hole two (2) more times for a total of three (3) rinses.
- 8 Gently wipe instruments with a soft lint-free cloth or place the instruments in a drying cabinet (60°C for less than 10 hours) until fully dry. Blow residual water from drill irrigation hole using a 1mL syringe and a 25 gauge needle. Visually inspect instruments in a well-lit area to ensure they are clean, dry and free of residue.
- 9 Clean instrument trays with a germicidal cleaner prior to returning instruments into Kit.

10 Always check for damage or corrosion after rinsing and drying.

Sterilization

Dentium recommends either the Pre-vacuum or Gravity autoclave methods for sterilization under the conditions described below. However, autoclave performance can affect the efficacy of this process. Healthcare facilities should validate their sterilization processes employing the actual equipment and operators that routinely sterilize instruments.

All autoclaves/sterilizers should be regularly validated, maintained and checked in accordance with EN 285/EN 13060, EN ISO 17665, ANSI AAMI ST79 to ensure compliance with these and related standards. Make sure packaging is suitable for steam sterilization.

Recommended Sterilization Parameters

Method-Moist Heat Sterilization	Pre-vacuum	Gravity
Set Point Temperature	132 °C	132 °C
Exposure time	4 minutes	30 minutes
Drying time	20 minutes	40 minutes

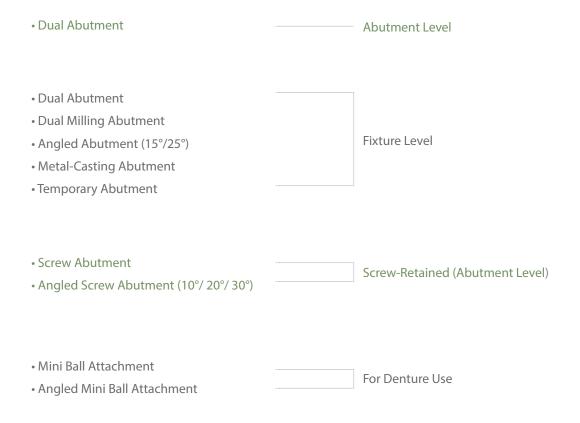
PROSTHESIS MANUA

Prosthetic Introduction

Types of Abutment	40
Dual Abutment	41
Screw Abutment / Angled Screw Abutment	42
Points to Consider in Abutment Selection	43
Prosthetic Procedure 1	44
Abutment Level- Dual Abutment	45
Prosthetic Procedure 2	48
Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Dual Abutment	49
Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Abutment	52
Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Milling Abutment	55
Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Angled Abutment	57
Fixture Level- Metal-Casting Abutment	59
Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Temporary Abutment	60
Prosthetic Procedure 5	61
Abutment Level [Transfer Type]- Screw Abutment	62
Cementation Repair Method (SCRP)	65
Prosthetic Procedure 4	67
Mini Ball Attachment	68
Angled Mini Ball Attachment	70

Types of Abutment

Abutments are available in various diameters & gingival heights





Dual Abutment



- It is possible to make an impression at both fixture level and abutment level.
- If the abutment selection is made in the mouth, gauge the thickness of gingiva with depth gauge to decide the appropriate abutment gingival height.
- For abutment level impressions, the impression is made with the snap cap.
- When using the Dual Abutment with abutment level impression, it remains in the mouth after the impression is made.
- For fixture level impressions, the abutment selection takes place on the master cast.
- For fixture level impressions, a precise positioning jig for abutment may be required.
- Either square or round abutments may be used, according to operators preference.
- * If a cement retained restoration requires retrieval, cutting a hole in the occlusal surface would allow access to the screw to permit removal prosthesis.

Square / Round

	Square	Round
Positioning Jig	Optional	Required
Radiograph	Required	Optional

Dual Abutment (Square / Round)

Diameter	G/H	Vertical Angle (A°)
Ø3.7	0.5mm, 1.0mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm, 4.0mm, 5.0mm	3.5°
Ø4.3	1.0mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm, 4.0mm, 5.0mm	5°
Ø5.5	1.0mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm, 4.0mm, 5.0mm	б°

Screw Abutment / Angled Screw Abutment





Screw Abutment

Angled Screw Abutment



Abutment Holder for Screw Abutment and Angled Screw Abutment

If prosthesis repair is anticipated, use of a Screw Abutment retained prosthesis enables easy retrieval.

- Useful for connecting multiple units or when there is a preference for a screw retained prosthesis.
- Useful when respective long axes of implants differ.
- Each side tapers by 30° and this permits up to 60° divergence between two abutments.
- Useful when the prognosis of an adjacent restoration is not ideal thus permitting easy retrieval and modification of the restoration.

Ti-Retaining Screw (1.6mm - Body Diameter)

- Can minimize screw loosening due to increased approximal space.
- Can endure various kinds of masticatory force.



Screw Abutment

Diameter	G/H	
Ø5.0	1.0mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm, 4.0mm, 5.0mm	

Angled Screw Abutment

Diameter	G/H	Angle
Ø4.3	1.0mm, 2.0mm, 3.0mm	10° / 20° / 30°



Points to Consider in Abutment Selection

Considerations in Selecting an Abutment

Esthetic requirement

- Implant angulation
- Implant location
- Fixture installation depth (Gingival height)
- Interarch distance
- Prosthesis type
- Dentist & dental technician's preference
- Retrievability

Impression of Implant

According to the case the impression can be made at abutment or fixture level.

Fixture Level

Abutment Level

- Dual Abutment
- Dual Milling Abutment
- Angled Abutment (15° / 25°)
- Metal-Casting Abutment
- Temporary Abutment (Titanium)

Dual Abutment
Screw Abutment
Angled Screw Abutment (10° / 20° / 30°)

Abutment Impression Recommendation

Dual Abutment	Cementation type, screw-cementation type	Fixture Level Impression or Abutment Level Impression
Dual Milling Abutment	Cementation type, screw-cementation type	Fixture Level Impression
Angled Abutment	Cementation type, screw-cementation type	Fixture Level Impression
Screw Abutment	Screw-retained type	Abutment Level Impression
Metal-Casting Abutment	Cementation type, screw-cementation type	Fixture Level Impression
Temporary Abutment	Cementation type, screw-cementation type	Fixture Level Impression

Prosthetic Procedure 1

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection

Dual Abutment



* Impression coping can be used as a Burn-out Cylinder, an Abutment Holder and a Scan Body for Dual Abutment.

Abutment Level- Dual Abutment

Clinical Procedure

 Cover Screw
 Healing Abutment
 Dual Abutment
 Comfort Cap
 Temporary Restoration
 Abutment Level Impression

Chairside



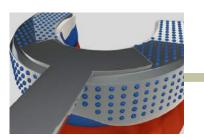
Remove the Healing Abutment after the soft tissue healing



Select the Dual Abutment by diameter and gingival height



Re-tighten after 15 minutes (Torque: 20N·cm)



Impression making



Seat the abutment level Dual Abutment Impression Coping over the Dual Abutment



Cap comes off embedded in the impression



Connect the abutment to the fixture using abutment screw



Application of impression material



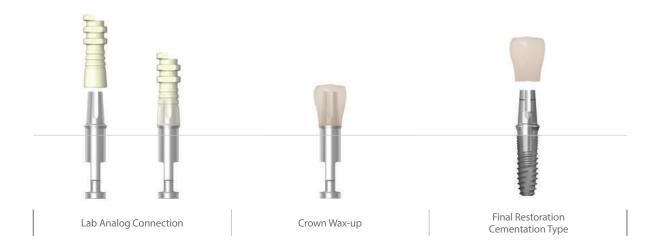
Fabrication of provisional restoration or utilization of comfort cap

[Multiple Units]

Abutment Level- Dual Abutment

Laboratory Procedure

[Multiple Units]



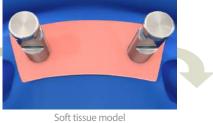
Labside



Insertion of abutment level analog into impression



Make sure analog sits securely into the Impression Coping (line up the flat side of analog to the flat side of the Impression Coping)





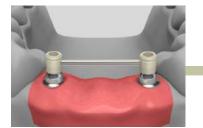
Fabrication of master model



Connect the Burn-out Cylinder securely into analog



Consider distance of opposing teeth, modify Burn-out Cylinder to its proper height if needed



Fabrication of Burn-out Cylinder and plastic bar in preparation for wax-up



Completion of wax-up



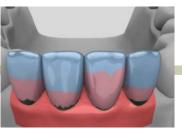
Removal of lip remnant in the interior of metal framework using reamer

Abutment Level- Dual Abutment



I

Metal framework



Porcelain build-up

[Multiple Units]

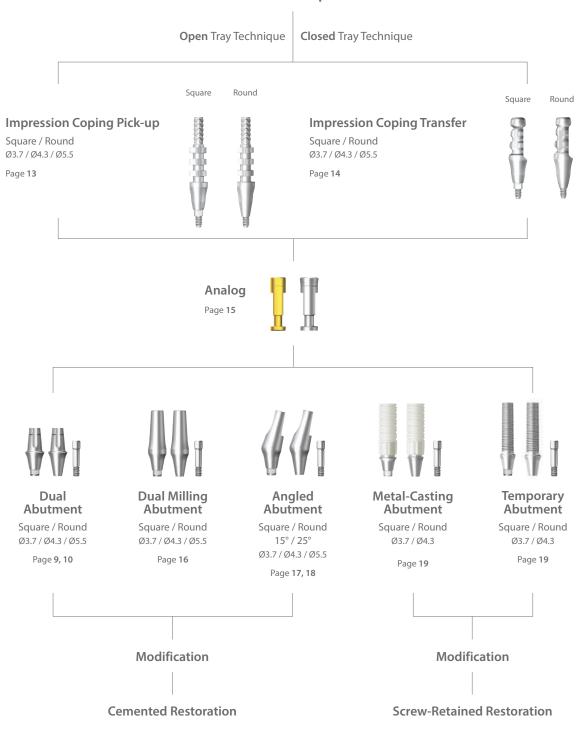


Final prosthesis

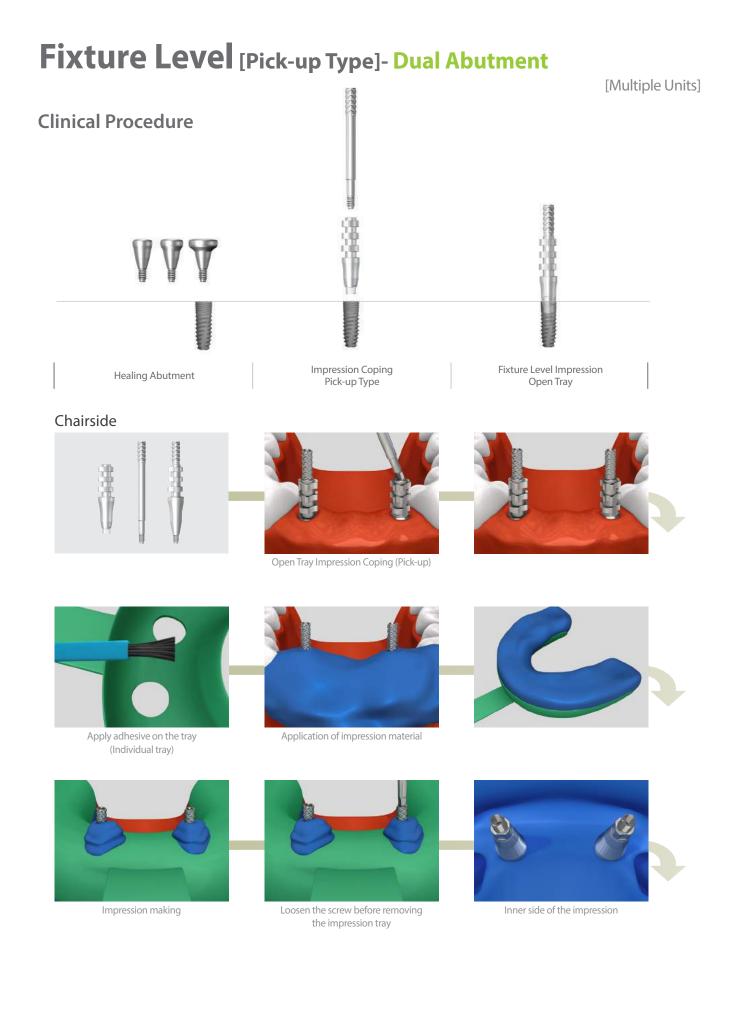
Prosthetic Procedure 2

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection

Dual / Dual Milling / Angled / Metal-Casting / Temporary Abutment



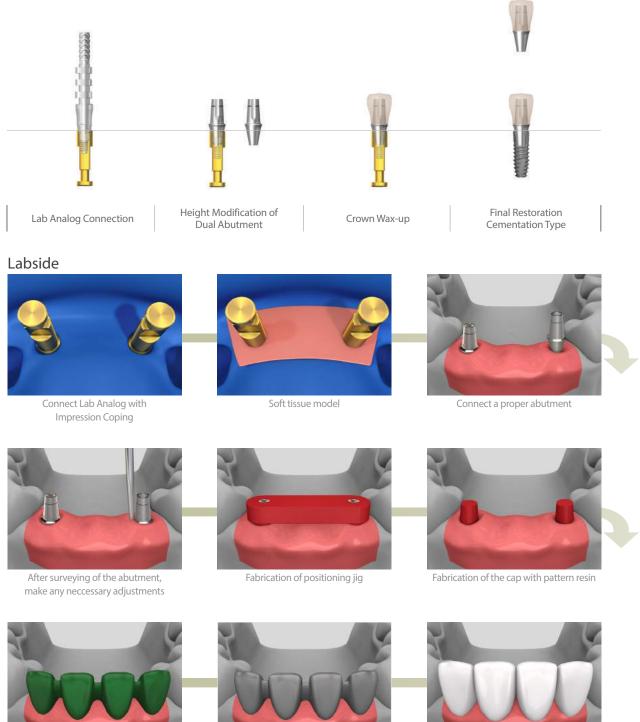
Fixture Level Impression



Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Dual Abutment

[Multiple Units]

Laboratory Procedure



Wax-up





Final prosthesis

Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Dual Abutment

[Multiple Units]

Chairside



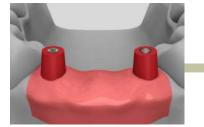
Use positioning jig to transfer the abutment in model to oral cavity then tighten it to 20N·cm Re-tighten after 15 minutes



Placement of final prosthesis with occlusal adjustment

* In the process of seating the prosthesis, the prosthesis can be rebounded by the gingival tissue. In this case, it is advised to apply occlusal load on the prosthesis for 10~15 minutes.

SCRP-Labside



Formation of access hole with long transfer coping screw



SCRP- Chairside



Final prosthesis



Use positioning jig to transfer the abutment in model to oral cavity then tighten it to 20N-cm Re-tighten after 15 minutes



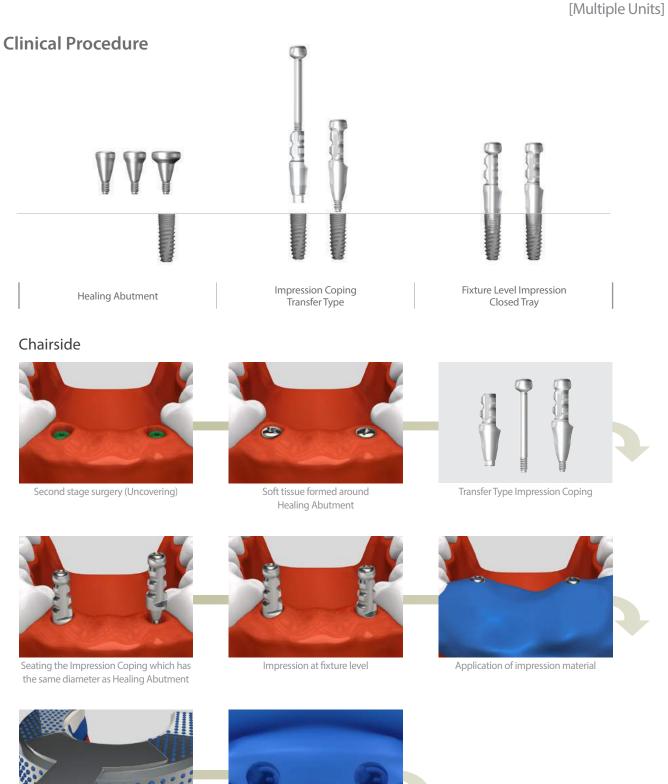
Metal framework



Placement of final prosthesis with occlusal adjustment

* In the process of seating the prosthesis, the prosthesis can be rebounded by the gingival tissue. In this case, it is advised to apply occlusal load on the prosthesis for 10~15 minutes.

Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Abutment



Impression taking

Inner side of the impression

Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Abutment

[Multiple Units]

Laboratory Procedure



Labside



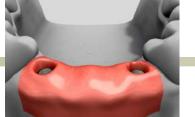
Impression coping and analog connection. Insert impression coping into the impression



Fabrication of master model



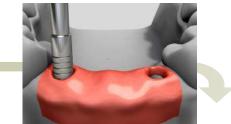
Make sure the impression coping is fully seated into the impression



Soft tissue condition after removal of impression coping



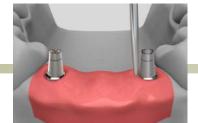
Soft tissue model



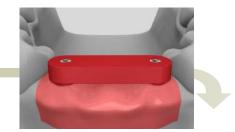
Measuring gingival height with depth gauge



Selection of the Dual Abutment of proper diameter and gingival height



After surveying of the abutment, make any neccessary adjustments



Fabrication of positioning jig

Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Abutment

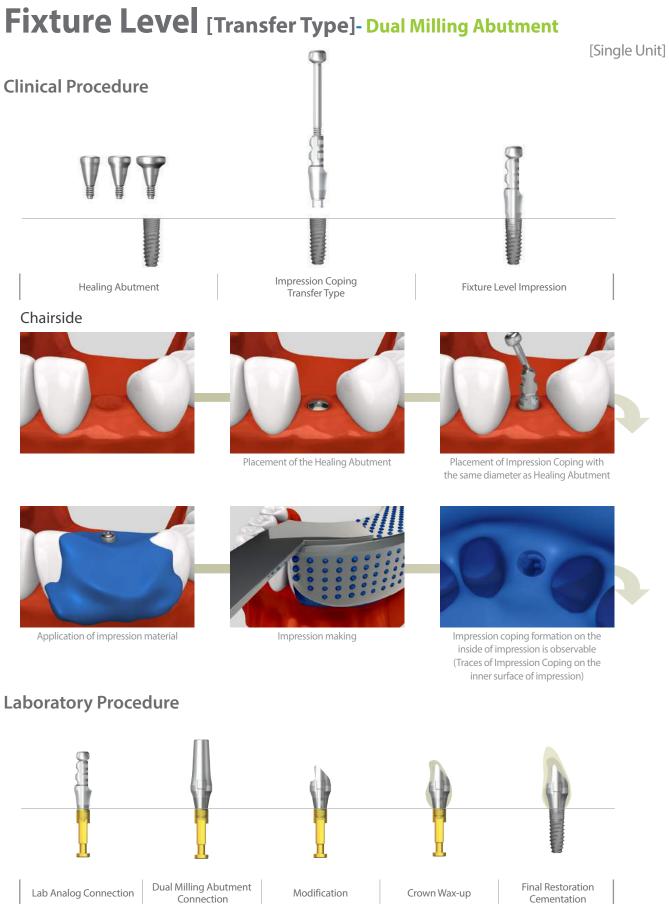
[Multiple Units]



Final prosthesis

Use positioning jig to transfer the abutment in model to oral cavity then tighten it to 20N-cm Re-tighten after 15 minutes Placement of final prosthesis with occlusal adjustment

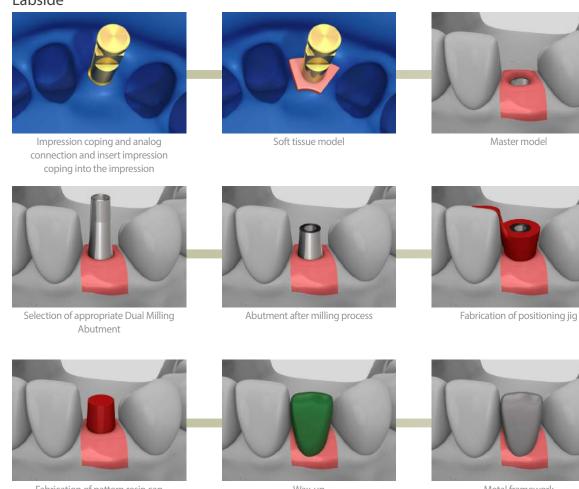
* In the process of seating the prosthesis, the prosthesis can be rebounded by the gingival tissue. In this case, it is advised to apply occlusal load on the prosthesis for 10~15 minutes.



Fixture Level [Transfer Type]- Dual Milling Abutment

[Single Unit]

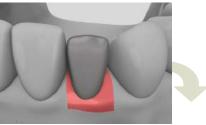
Labside



Fabrication of pattern resin cap







Metal framework



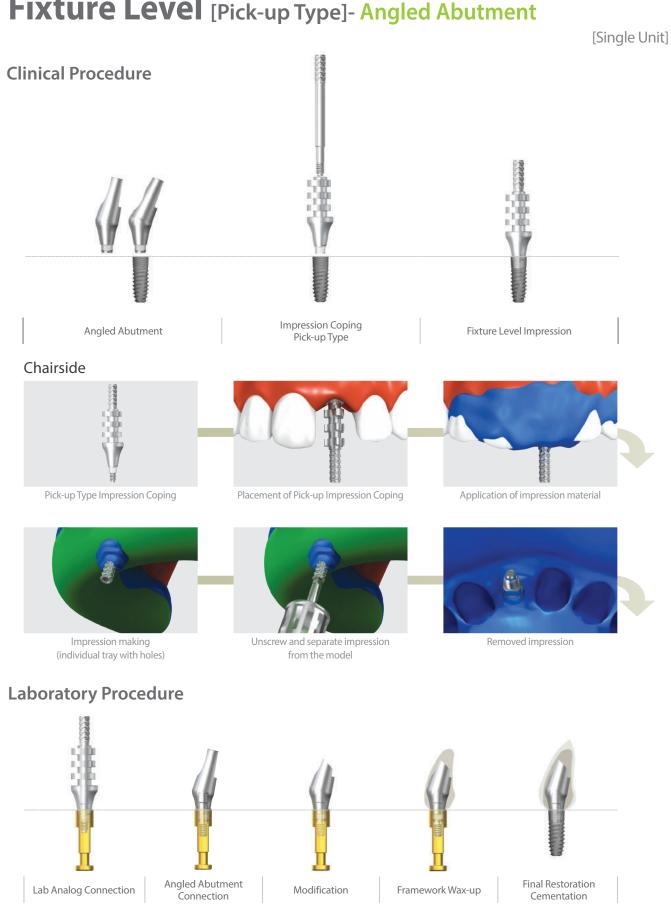
Final prosthesis





Placement of final prosthesis with occlusal adjustment

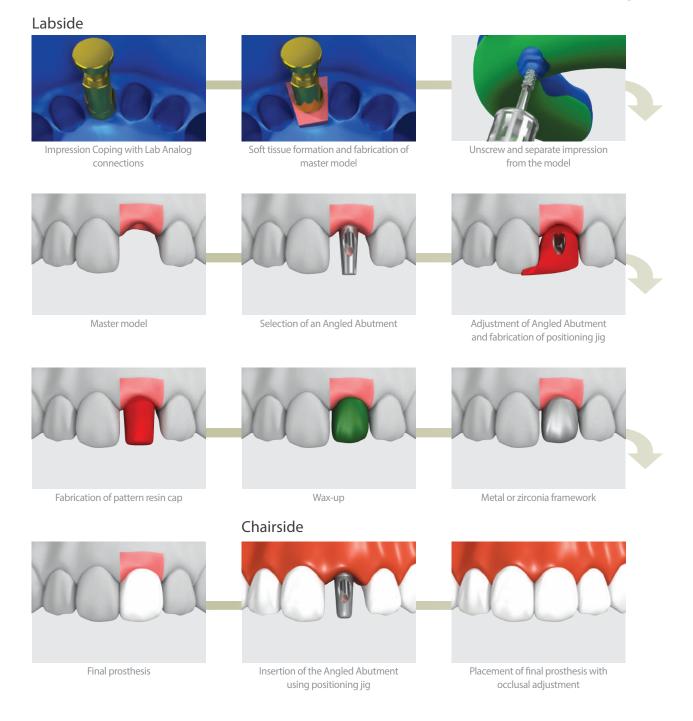
* In the process of seating the prosthesis, the prosthesis can be rebounded by the gingival tissue. In this case, it is advised to apply acclusal load on the prosthesis for 10~15 minutes.

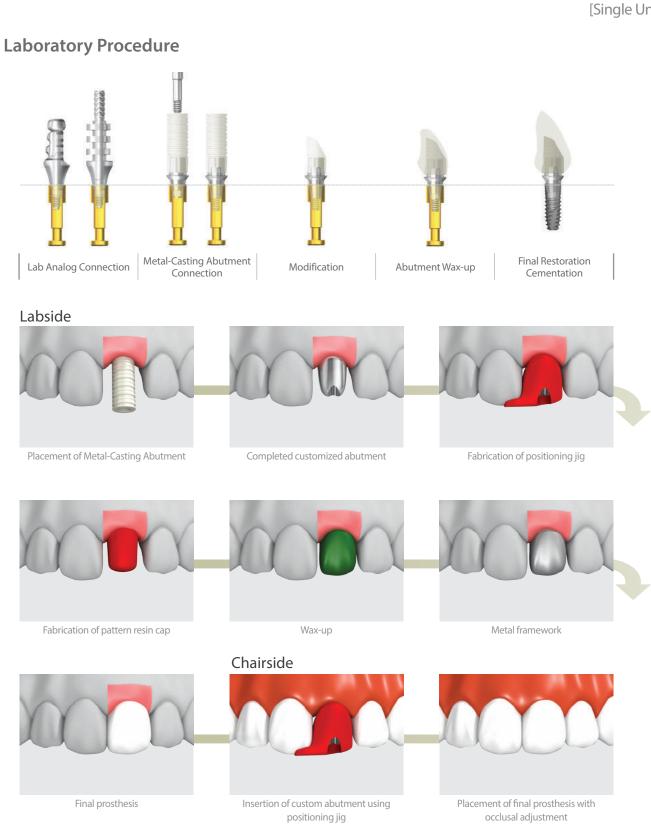


Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Angled Abutment

Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Angled Abutment

[Single Unit]





Fixture Level- Metal-Casting Abutment

[Single Unit]

Fixture Level [Pick-up Type]- Temporary Abutment

[Single Unit]



<Using Temporary Abutment>



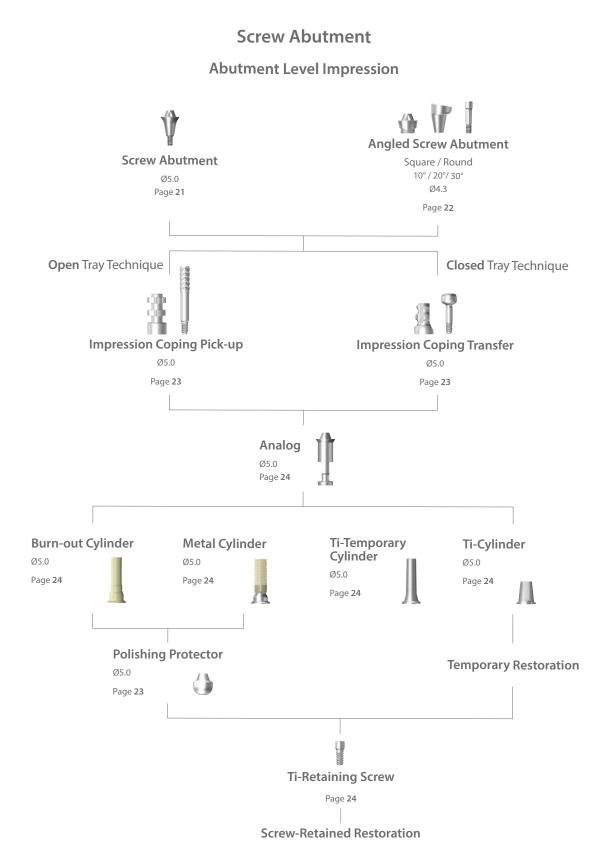
Considering the opposing teeth before seating the Temporary Abutment - adjust the height of the abutment as needed and complete the Temporary Abutment prosthesis with direct resin





Prosthetic Procedure 3

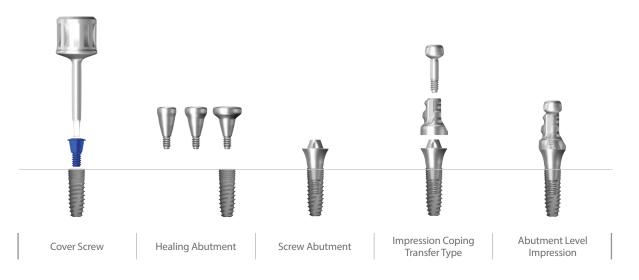
Impression Technique and Restoration Selection



Abutment Level [Transfer Type]- Screw Abutment

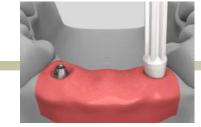
[Multiple Units]

Clinical Procedure



Chairside





Select and seat an appropriate Screw Abutment with delivery holder



Tighten it to 20N-cm. Re-tighten after 15 minutes with Screw Abutment adaptor



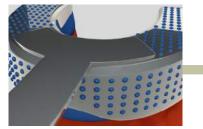
Screw Abutment transfer coping (Abutment Level)



Placement of impression copings



Application of impression material



Impression making



Inner-side of the impression

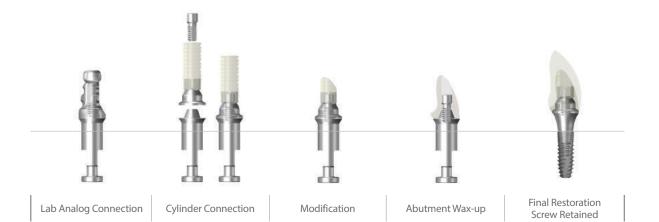


Placement of comfort cap on the Screw Abutment

Abutment Level [Transfer Type]- Screw Abutment

[Multiple Units]

Laboratory Procedure



Labside



Connection of the Impression Coping with the Screw Abutment analog



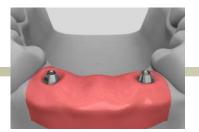
Positioning Impression Coping and Lab Analog assembly in the exact location of the impression



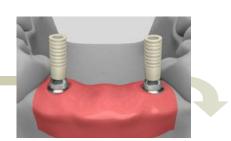
Soft tissue model



Fabrication of master model



Removal of Impression Coping



Connect the Screw Abutment Cylinder then tighten it with Ti-Retaining Screws



Consider the distance with opposing teeth and trim cylinder to its appropriate height

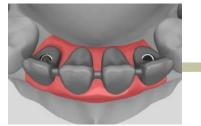


Connect the plastic bar in the middle of trimmed Screw Abutment to help support the wax pattern



Abutment Level [Transfer Type]- Screw Abutment

[Multiple Units]



Metal framework



Removal of lip remnant in the interior of metal framework using reamer



Completion of metal framework



Completion of final prosthesis



occlusal adjustment. Tighten with Ti-Retaining Screw (20N-cm)

Cementation Repair Method (SCRP)

[Screw & Cement Retained Prosthesis]

In Light of Implant Prosthesis:

• A screw type restoration helps to simplify prosthesis repair, including insertion and removal of the prosthesis if necessary.

• Cement type restoration tend to have a stable occlusion and may enhance the adaptability. However, the weak point is that it cannot be removed after permanent cementation.

• A Dual Abutment can be cemented or screw retained.

In Case of Screw Loosening or if Prosthesis Repair is Needed



In case of the following: screw loosing or prosthesis repair



Form access hole on the occlusal surface with a bur



Unscrew and remove the prosthesis from the oral cavity



Both cemented prosthesis and abutment are removed



Finish the repair then seat it inside the oral cavity Caution: Must be careful of insertion path



Fill the access hole with cotton



Fill the access hole composite resin



Tighten the prosthesis with 20N-cm using a screw driver * It is recommended that the abutment screw is re-tightened after 15 minutes



Final prosthesis

Cementation Repair Method (SCRP)

[Screw & Cement Retained Prosthesis]

Separation of Prosthesis with Abutment Due to Cement Loss



Remove the screw completely with Square Driver and remove prosthesis from the patient's mouth



After the cement sets, unscrew and remove the excessive cement * Caution: Implants must be nearly parallel otherwise use screw abutment



Apply cement to the prosthesis



Place it back into the patient's mouth



Finish the repair and seat it inside the patient's mouth



Tighten the prosthesis with 20N·cm with a Square Driver

Adding to the Interproximal Contact Surface due to Prosthesis Loosening



Prosthesis loosening due to contact loosening



Form access hole using bur



Unscrew, then remove the cemented prosthesis with abutment in the oral cavity





Add resin on the prepared under space and light-cure it



Position the prosthesis in the oral cavity and tighten the screw with 20N·cm, then fill up the access hole



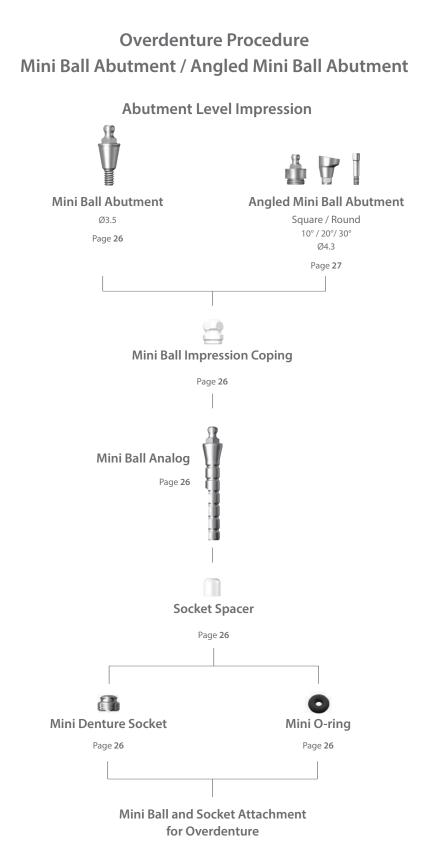
* Caution: Interproximal contacts are adjusted with shim stock to allow the adjacent natural tooth to move vertically during function



Try-in and polish the contact area

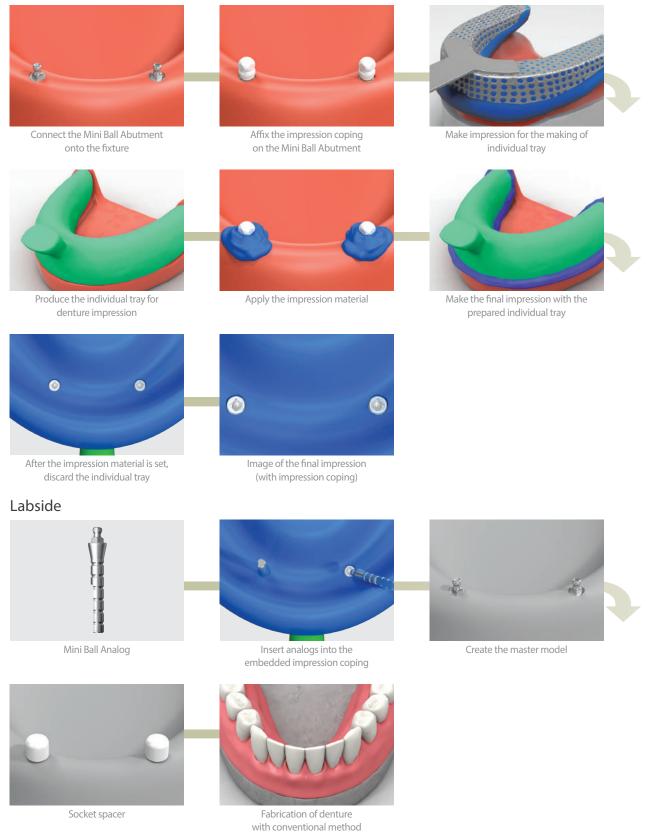
Prosthetic Procedure 4

Impression Technique and Restoration Selection



Mini Ball Attachment

Chairside



Mini Ball Attachment

Case 1



Secure spaces for the female sockets

Chairside



Connect the female sockets to the Mini Ball Abutments in the intraoral



Apply small amount of the resin into the secured area



Position the denture in the oral cavity and wait until the resin is completely set



Female sockets are placed in the denture



After polishing, the overdenture is completed

Angled Mini Ball Attachment

Case 1





Secure spaces for the female sockets



Connect the female sockets to the Angled Mini Ball Abutments in the intraoral



Apply small amount of the resin into the secured area



Position the denture in the oral cavity and wait until the resin is completely set



Female sockets are placed in the denture



After polishing, the overdenture is completed

Angled Mini Ball Attachment

Case 2



Create holes for placement of female sockets

Chairside





Connect the female sockets to the Angled Mini Ball Abutments in the intraoral



Examine the interference between inner surface of the holes and the female sockets

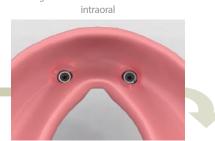
Apply resin around the female sockets



Apply the resin into the holes and wait until it is completely set

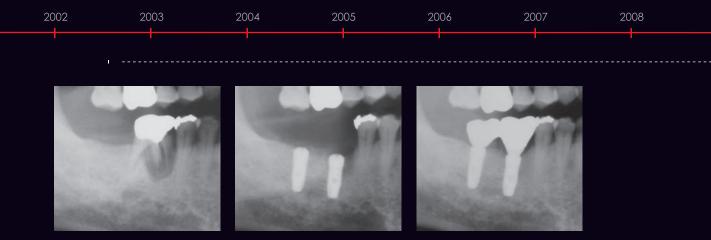


After polishing, the overdenture is completed



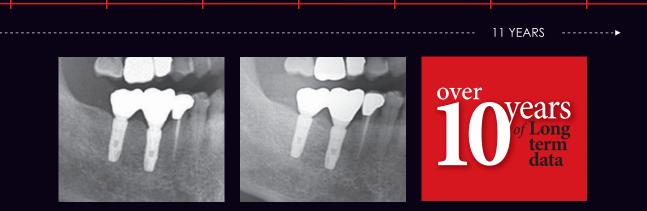
Female sockets are placed in the denture

DENTIUM LONG-TERM CLINICAL DATA



2002. 05. 17 Pre-op 2002. 09. 04 Post-op 2003. 03. 15 Final prosthesis

DentiumUSA



2012

2013

2008. 04. 14 5 years

2010

2013. 12. 05 11 years

OVER A **DECADE** OF COMMITMENT TO THE **BEST PRODUCTS** FOR DENTISTS AND PATIENTS

2015

110







Specifications are subject to change without any notice. Some products listed in this catalog are not available in the market due to pending approval.

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